

Corrigendum

In [1], the following error was published on the result section of the abstract on page 91.

Results. This study shows that 45.9% of children aged 13–19 years had evidence of ETW in at least one tooth. The prevalence of ETW was bilaterally symmetrical in all teeth examined and was most prevalent in maxillary teeth. Females had significantly lower rates of ETW of any tooth compared to males. African Americans had significantly lower rates of ETW (except in the canines), and Hispanics had similar rates compared to whites. Compared to ‘healthy weight’ children, those ‘at risk for overweight’ had lower rates of ETW and the ‘overweight’ groups had higher rates, but results were not significant.

On the second sentence, *maxillary teeth* is wrong and should have been:

Results. This study shows that 45.9% of children aged 13–19 years had evidence of ETW in at least one tooth. The prevalence of ETW was bilaterally symmetrical in all teeth examined and was most prevalent in mandibular teeth. Females had significantly lower rates of ETW of any tooth compared to males. African Americans had significantly lower rates of ETW (except in the canines), and Hispanics had similar rates compared to whites. Compared to ‘healthy weight’ children, those ‘at risk for overweight’ had lower rates of ETW and the ‘overweight’ groups had higher rates, but results were not significant.

The authors would like to apologise for the error.

Reference

- 1 McGuire J, Szabo Aniko, Jackson S, Gerard Bradley T, Okunseri C. Erosive tooth wear among children in the United States: relationship to race/ethnicity and obesity. *Int J Paediatr Dent* 2009; **2**: 91–98.

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