

B.D.S. I Prof.

5136(N)

B.D.S. Supply & Main Examination, Feb. 2016

Human Physiology & Biochemistry (BDS-02)

Time: Three Hours | [Maximum Marks: 35+35

Note: (1) Attempt all questions.

Illustrate your answers with suitable (2) diagram wherever necessary. Use separate copy for Part-A and Part-B.

PART-A

(PHYSIOLOGY)

Define blood pressure, its type and normal values. Describe the short term regulatory mechanisms for control of blood pressure.

+2+4=7

P.T.O.

- gastric juice Discuss the composition and functions of
- Describe in brief about-
- $2.5 \times 2 = 5$
- (a) Growth hormone
- (b) Functions of kidney
- Differentiate between following- 2.5×4=10
- (a) Innate and acquired immunity
- Active and passive transport
- Cortical and juxtamedullary nephrons
- Fast and slow pain
- ū Write short notes on any three -2×3=6
- Hypoxic hypoxia
- (b) Hypermetropia
- Blood platelets
- (d) Oxy hemoglobin dissociation curve

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PART-B

(Biochemistry)

What are lipoproteins? Classify lipoproteins

and describe their role in health and disease.

- What is β -oxidation? Enumerate steps inecule of Palmitic acid culate the energetics of oxidation of one molvolved in 'β' oxidation of fatty acid and cal-1+3+2=6
- applications of enzymes. short answer on diagnostic and therapeutic What is IUB classification of enzymes? Add a 1+3+3=7
- steps involved in transcription. What is transcription? Give an account of 1+5=6

- 5. Write short notes on the following: $3 \times 3 = 9$
 - (a) Composition and functions of Saliva
 - (b) Digestion and absorption of lipids.
 - (c) Ketone bodies synthesis, utilization and excretion.

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Roll No.

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B.D.S. Supply & Main Examination, Nov. 2016

Human Physiology & Biochemistry (BDS-02)

Time: Three Hours]

[Maximum Marks: 35+35

Note: (1) Attempt all questions.

(2) Illustrate your answers with suitable diagram wherever necessary. Use separate copy for Part-A and Part-B.

Part-A

(Physiology)

Define Cardiac output. Describe its methods of measurement. 07

P.T.O.

- Enumerate the hormones which regulate the serum calcium level. Describe the role of parathyroid hormone in detail.
- 3. Differentiate between:

 $2.5 \times 4 = 10$

- (a) First heart sound and second heart sound
- (b) Upper motor neuron lesion and lower motor neuron lesion
- (c) Myopia and hypermetropia
- (d) Red muscle fiber and white muscle fiber.
- 4. Write in brief:

 $2.5 \times 2 = 5$

- (a) Spermatogenesis
- (b) Clotting factors of Blood
- 5. Write short notes on any **three**: $2 \times 3 = 6$
 - (a) Middle ear
 - (b) Chemical regulation of Respiration

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- (c) Counter current mechanism of urine formation
- (d) Visceral Pain

Part-B

(Biochemistry)

- Describe the sources, biochemical functions, normal requirements and deficiency manifestations of Vit. D.
- What are Ketone bodies? Explain the reactions leading to the formation of them. How are they utilised in the body.
- Discuss the biochemical alterations seen in blood & Urine in different types of Jaundice.

Describe the process of DNA replication.
Name two inhibitors of replication.

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P.T.O.

5. Write short notes on:

 $3 \times 6 = 18$

- (a) Glucose Tolerance Test (GTT)
- (b) Fatty liver
- (c) Mutarotation
- (d) Enzyme Profile in Myocardial Infraction
- (e) Oncogenes
- (f) Detoxification

